New Academic & Physical Education Building Project



CDHY (Washington State Center for Deaf and Hard of Hearing Youth)

Home of the Terriers

History of the School

The Washington School for the Deaf (WSD) has provided educational and residential services to students with deafness and hearing loss since 1886. In 2009, with the passage of RCW 72.40.015, the WSD became operationally connected to the Center for Dead and Hard of Hearing Youth (CDHY) a statewide resource committed to ensuring all deaf and hard of hearing students in Washington reach their full potential regardless of where they live or attend school.

To meet their mission and provide effective and engaging learning environments for their students, CDHY must have facilities that are designed and maintained to enhance the provision of instruction and services to meet the unique communication, education, and safety needs of children/youth who are deaf and hard of hearing.



Project Timeline - Phase I

- ❖ 2000 CDHY began the process to replace the school.
- Between 2000 and 2010, 4 buildings on campus were deemed unsafe and closed. In 2010 construction of a new Cafeteria & Campus Services (Kastel Building) was completed.
- ❖ September of 2020 CDHY received Supplemental funding approval of \$5M for Phase I Demolition
- July 27th of 2021 an NTP was issued for Phase I Demolition, Design Bid Build





Project Timeline - Phase I & II Overlap

While in Phase I demolition, CDHY & DES continued to pursue the full project funding, Phase II Design & Construction of a new Academic & Physical Education Building.

- September 2020, along with receiving Supplemental budget approval for Phase I demolition, Phase II Budget request for the new Academic & PE building was also resubmitted as part of Biennium 21-23 budget request.
- January 2022 Phase I Demolition reached Substantial Completion



Project Timeline - Phase II

- February of 2021, Phase II Progressive Design Build of the Academic & Physical Education Building was approved.
- July 2021 with Phase II approval, RFQ went out in search of a Progressive Design Build Team
 - August 2021 Three Short listed firms.
 - October 2021 Finalist Team selected, Skanska/Mithun.
 - February 2022 Phase II Progressive Design Build Team Skanska/Mithun under contract to complete Phase I Design

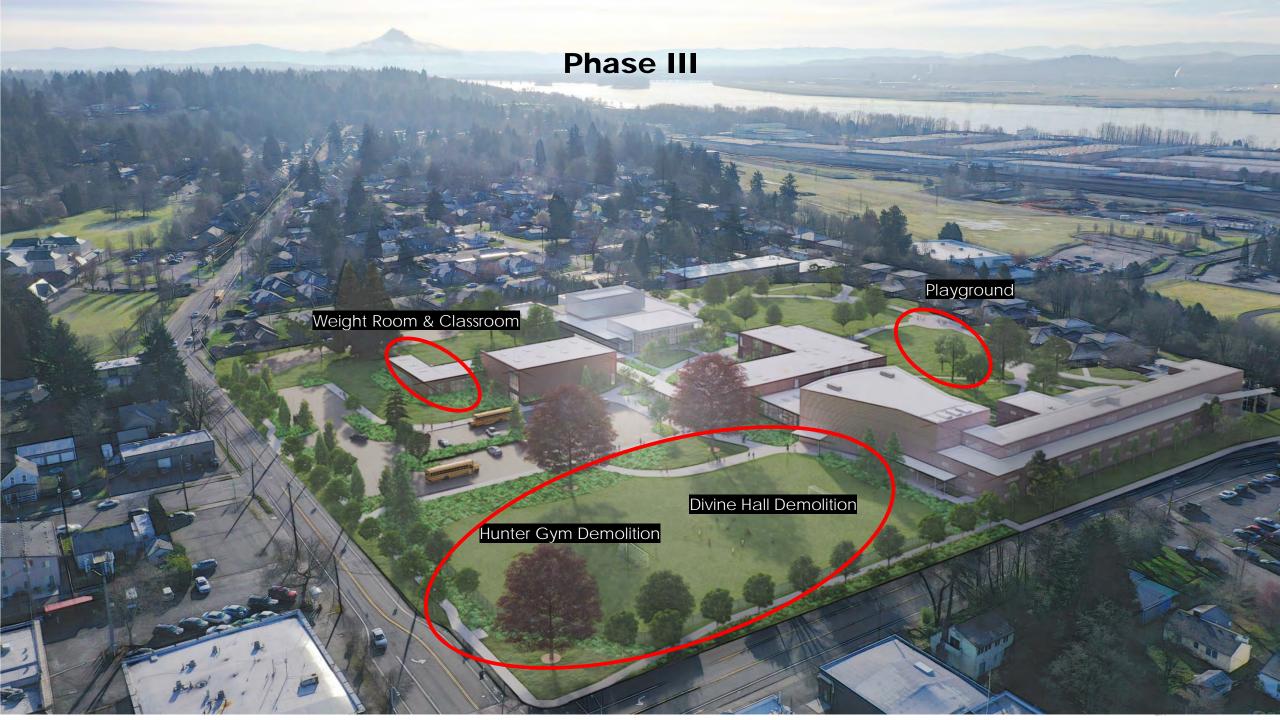
February 2022 Phase II Progressive Design Build Starts with the selection of Skanska/Mithun team





Project Timeline – Phase II Challenges

- February 2022 Start of Phase II Design Validation
- May 2022 Phase II Validation Phase reveals a program deficiency and subsequent \$12M budget shortfall
- August 2022 Phase II is redefined, the team continues design in reaching 35% design. Revised scope by deferring Phase III demolition of Divine Hall & Hunter Gym, the build out of the new athletic field and playground & weight room.
- September 2022 Phase III Budget Request Submitted



DeafSpace Foundations & Design



- Open Campus
- WSD Identifiers
- Gym as Public Magnet
- Library and Academic Adjacency
- Struggle with
 Entry Locations and
 Presence







DeafSpace

Benchmarking Distribution by Area

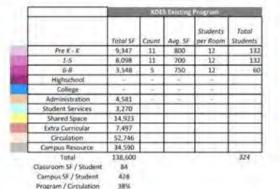
School	Age	Student: Teather Ratio*	Private School	Bounding School	Deaf Program	Total Area	Distribution of Area	Classroom 57 / Student	Campus SE / Student	% Ortulation
Model Secondary School for the Deaf (Existing) Washington, D.C.	15-18	6.10:1.00	¥	y	. 4	141,000	THE STATE OF	45.	357	40%
Kendall Demonstration Elementary School (Existing) Washington, D.C.	4-14	4.80 : 1.00	¥	N	Y	139,000	7% 05 15 15 25 11% 58 11% 15% 15%	84	428	38%
American School for the Deaf West Hortford, Connecticut	3-21	3.00:1,00	y.	y	Y	47,000	75 25 335 88 105 25 205 20	56	268	28%
Rocky Mountain Deaf School Denver, Colorodo	0-18	4.49:1.00	N	N	Y	47,000	ies late no les por les troi age	90	406	17%
Ohio School for the Deaf Columbus, Ohio	0-22		N	¥:	¥	68,000	25. 27 20c	92	389	20%
Exeter Royal Academy for the Deaf Exeter, England	5-22	-	Y	Y	Y	39,000	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	65	320	32%

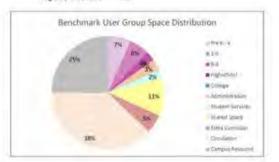
Benchmarking Students + Major Program Elements

	American School for the Deaf				
	Total SF	Count	Aug. SF	Students per Room	Total Students
Pre-K-K	3,472	7	496	8	56
1-5	2,625	5	525	- 8	40
6-8	4.5				
Highschool	3,840	10	384	8	80
College	100	1901	1	100	
Administration	6,243	35		1	1
Student Services	3,830	22			
Shared Space	7,613	- 6			
Extra Curricular	3,153	8		1	
Circulation	13,000				
Campus Resource	3,359	1			
Total Classroom SF / Student	47,135 56				176

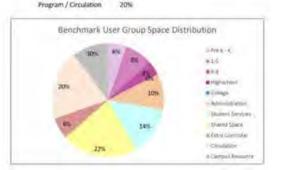
Benchmark User	Group Space Di	stribution
7% 7	N. The	1000
	BN	#15
	200	W-1-1
-		· righthose
28%	-	Wilselegel.
100	13%	Administration
- 4	13%	Suder Sept o
1000		Solved Spara
176.7	BS	# Driv Cimicales
1604		Children
4015		I OHIOU Felovice

Program / Circulation

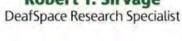




	KDLS Proposed Program					
	Total SF	Count	Avg. SF	Students per Room	Total Students	
Pre K - K	11,678	12	973	19	228	
1.5	16,896	20	845	9.6	193	
6-8	8,667	11	787.909	6.545455	77	
Highschool						
College	0					
Administration	21,936					
Student Services	29,681					
Shared Space	46,943		1	91 - 94		
Extra Curricular	13,058					
Circulation	42,689					
Campus Resource	21,898		10	17		
Total Classroom SF / Student	213,446 76				492	
Campus SF / Student	434					

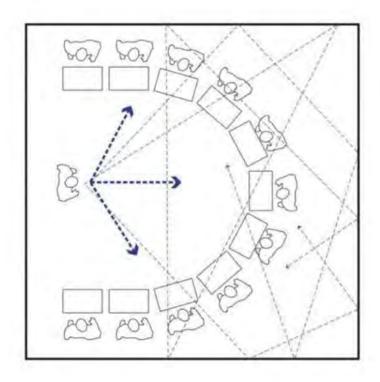




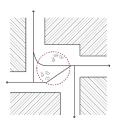




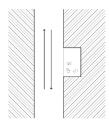
Hansel Bauman
DeafSpace Planning Integration



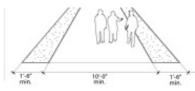
Building Layout Circulation + Connectivity



1.3.2 Nodes



1.3.3 Eddies



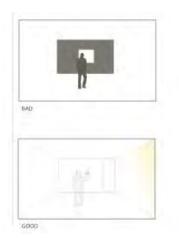
3.1.7



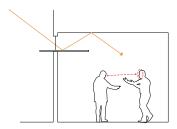


Ambient Conditions

Natural Light



4.2.2 Wash Surfaces with Light

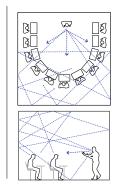


4.2.5 Light Shelves

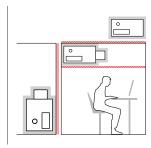


Ambient Conditions

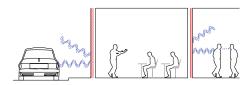
Acoustics



5.1.1 Sound Reverberation



5.1.2 Equipment Noise



5.1.3 Background Noise

SECTION 808 ENHANCED ACOUSTICS FOR CLASSROOMS

808.1 General. Classrooms not exceeding 20,000 cubic feet (565 m³) and required to provide enhanced acoustics shall comply with Section 808.

808.2 Reverberation time. Classroom reverberation times shall comply with either Section 808.2.1 or Section 808.2.2, depending on the size of the room.

808.2.1 Performance method. For each of the octave frequency bands with center frequencies of 500, 1000, and 2000 Hz, the reverberation time (T60) shall not exceed the times specified below:

- 0.6 seconds in classrooms with volumes up to and including 10,000 cubic feet (285 m³).
- 0.7 seconds in classrooms with volumes of more than 10,000 cubic feet (285 m³), but less than 20,000 cubic feet (566 m³).

Reverberation times shall apply to fully-furnished, unoccupied classrooms. Reverberation times shall be field verified via measurements over a minimum 20 dB decay in each octave frequency band in accordance with ASTM E2235 listed in Section 106.2.13.

808.2.2 Prescriptive method. The Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC) ratings for floor, wall and ceiling surface finishes shall conform to the following equations:

For a classroom with a volume less than or equal to 10,000 cubic feet (285 m³):

(NRCFloor x SFloor)+ (NRCCeiling x SCeiling) + (NRCWall x SWall) \geq Volume/12

For a classroom with a volume between 10,000 cubic feet (285 m³) and 20,000 cubic feet (565 m³):

(NRCFloor x SFloor)+ (NRCCeiling x SCeiling) + (NRCWall x SWall) ≥ Volume/14

Where:

NRCFloor = NRC rating of the floor finish material

SFloor = floor area in square feet

NRCCeiling = NRC rating of the ceiling finish material

SCeiling = ceiling area in square feet

NRCWall = NRC rating of the wall acoustical treatment

SWall = wall treatment area in square feet

Volume = room volume in cubic feet

Where a floor, ceiling or wall has multiple surface finishes, the NRC x S product for each surface finish shall be added to the left side of the equation.

808.3 Ambient sound level. Classroom ambient sound levels shall comply with Sections 808.3.1 and 808.3.2. Ambient sound levels from sound sources outside and inside the classroom shall be evaluated individually. The greatest one-hour averaged sound levels shall be evaluated at the loudest usable location in the room at a height of 36 inches (915 mm) to 42 inches (1065 mm) above the floor and no closer than 36 inches (915 mm) from any wall, window or object. The ambient sound level limits shall apply to fully-furnished, unoccupied classrooms, and with only permanent HVAC, electrical and plumbing systems functioning. Classroom equipment, including, but not limited to, computers, printers and fish tank pumps shall be turned off during these measurements.

808.3.1 Sound sources outside of the classroom. Classroom ambient sound levels shall not exceed 35 dBA and 55 dBC due to intruding noise from sound sources outside of the classroom, whether from the exterior or from other interior spaces.

808.3.2 Sound sources inside the classroom. Classroom ambient sound levels shall not exceed 35 dBA and 55 dBC for noise from sound sources inside the classroom.

2017 ICC Accessibility Standard: A117.1

Project Timeline - Phase II & III Overlap

- 3/2023 Phase II GMP 35% Design is Reached
- 6/01/2023 Groundbreaking Ceremony
- ❖ 7/2023 Phase III Construction budget approved a revised GMP \$52.8M and Substantial Completion date of 3/19/2025
 - Phase III Revised scope of work added back demolition of Divine Hall & Hunter Gym, and completion of athletic field, playground and weight room







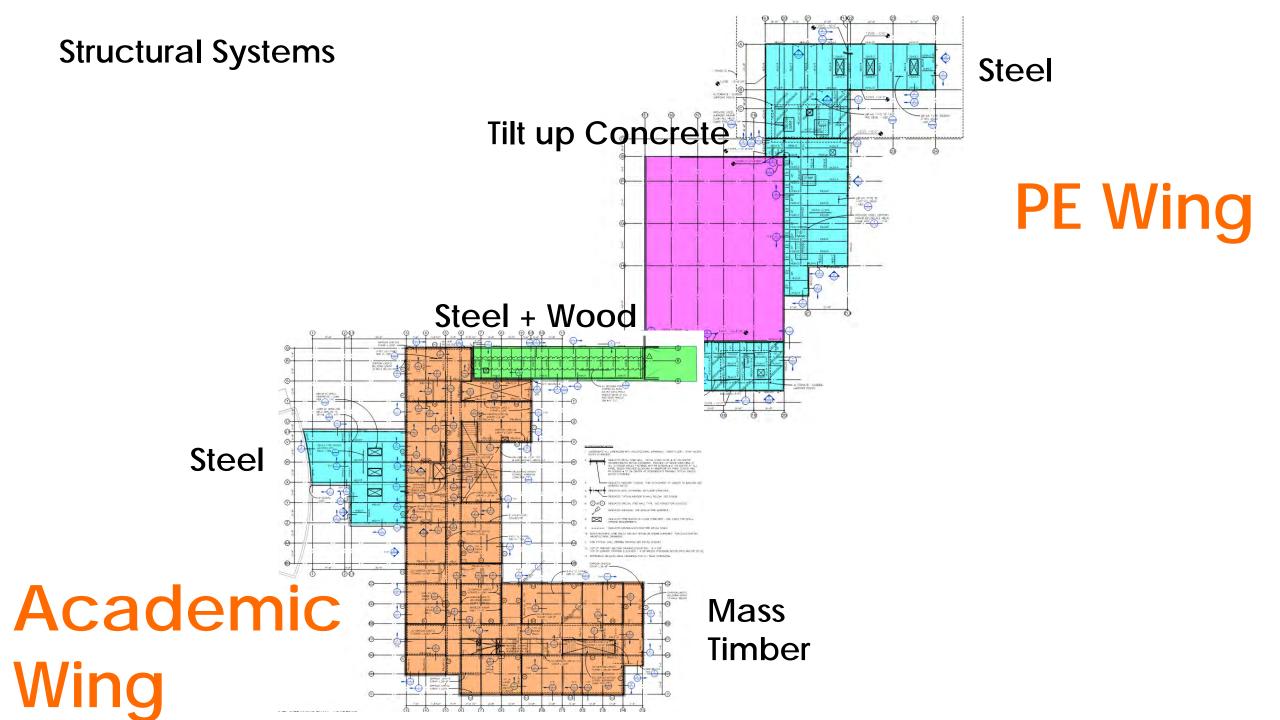










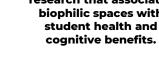


Designing with Mass Timber

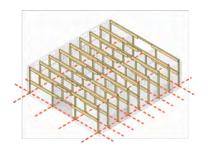
There is a growing body of research that associates biophilic spaces with student health and cognitive benefits.

Emerging mass timber technology is positively impacting the way we design and construct buildings.

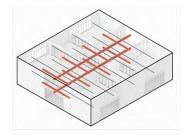
By combining timber technology and growing biophilic research, we can **Build Better Schools.**

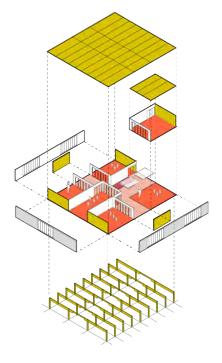


STRUCTURAL BONES



MECHANICAL SYSTEM



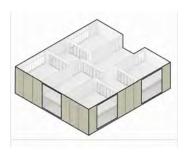


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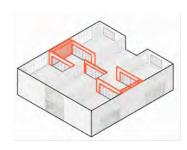




EXTERIOR ENCLOSURE

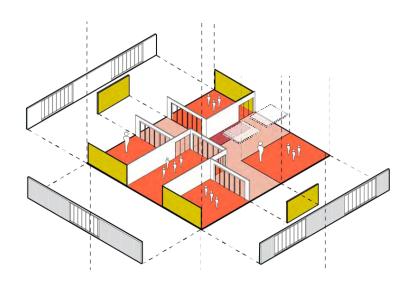


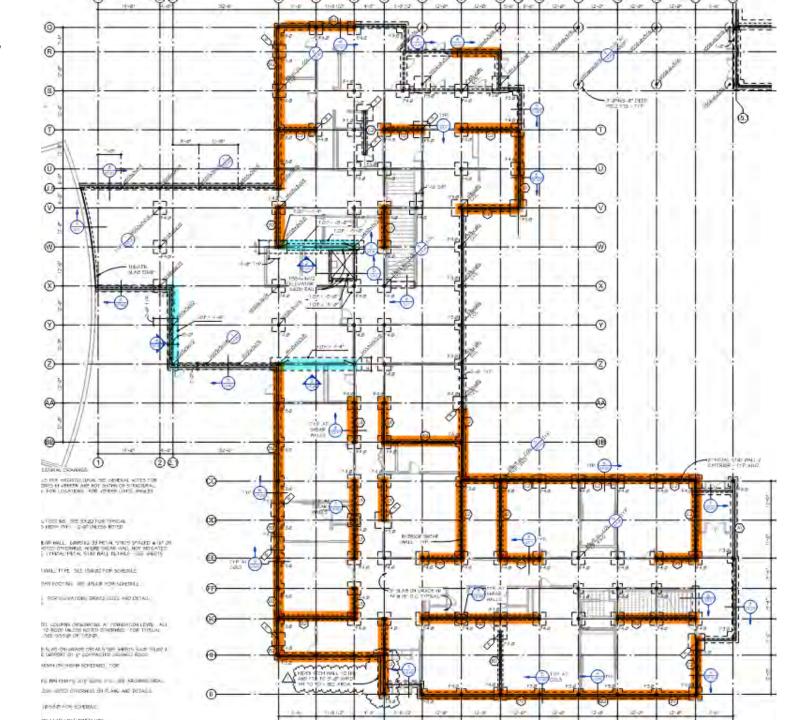
INTERIOR FLEXIBILITY



BUILDING BETTER SCHOOLS

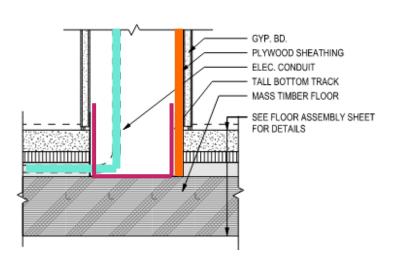
Mass Timber System - shear

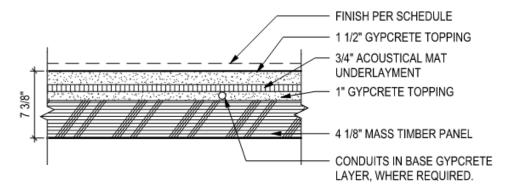


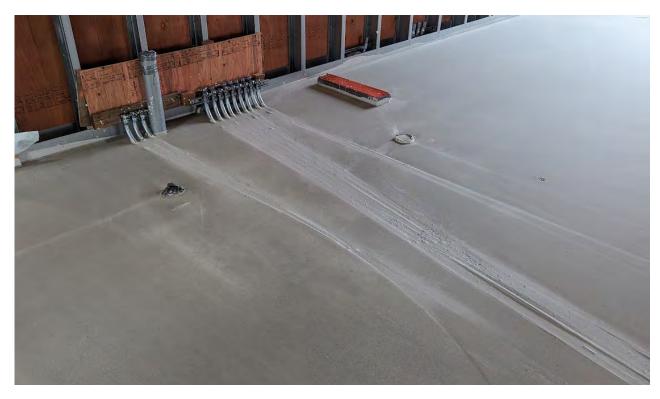


Mass Timber Details w/ Contractor Input

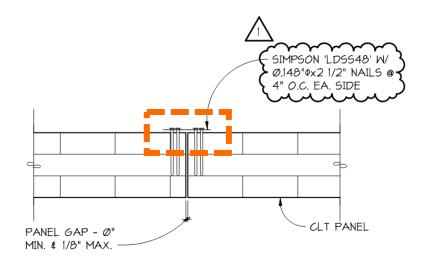








Mass Timber Details w/ Contractor Input



3-PLY CROSS-LAMINATED TIMBER PANELS

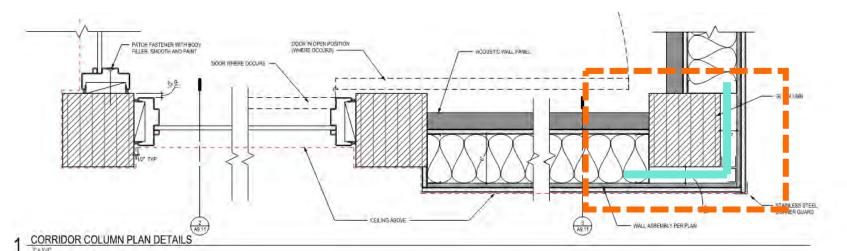
DOLLBOW



CFS STUD COLUMN BEYOND 600T200-68 BLK'6 SIMPSON DSSCB46 FORMED EDGE DRIFT & DEFLECTION COLLECTOR STRAP CLIP W/ (2) #14 TOPPING OVER ACOUSTIC MAT SHOULDERED SCREWS 000 SID SDHR 31400 SCREWS @ 5%"± - ALIGN UNISTRUT AT SPLICES L6x3x1/4 x CONT. W/ #12 SCREWS @ 8" O.C. IN VERT. SLOTTED HOLES AT BLK'G - SIMPSON SDS x 3" SHEAR WALL SHT'G PER SCHED

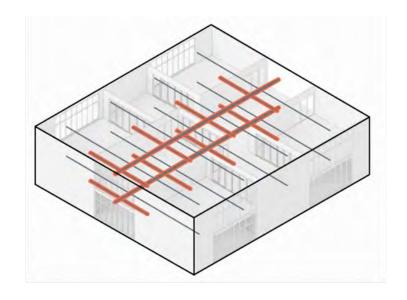
WHERE BOXED JAMB STUD OCCURS, PROVIDE CLIP EACH SIDE.

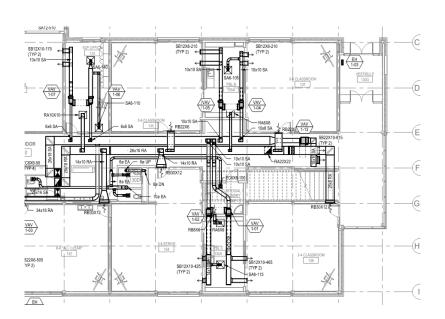
TYPICAL CROSS-LAMINATED TIMBER PANEL EDGE AT SHEAR WALL **SECTION**



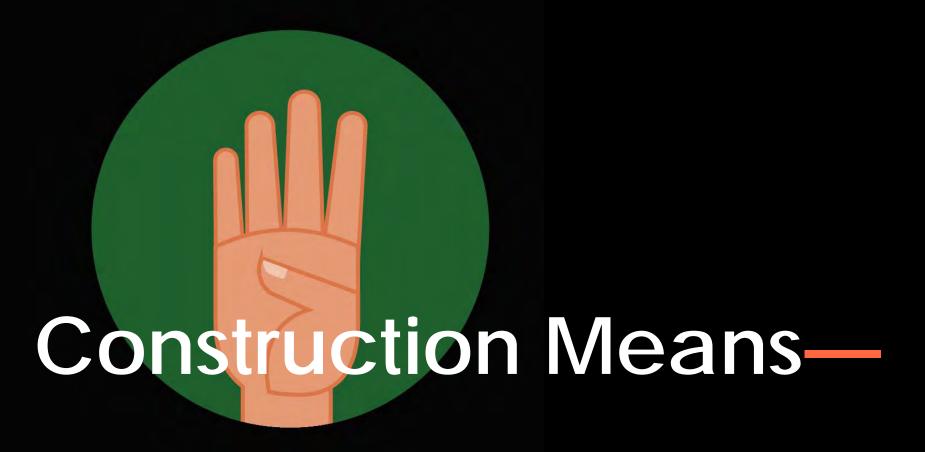


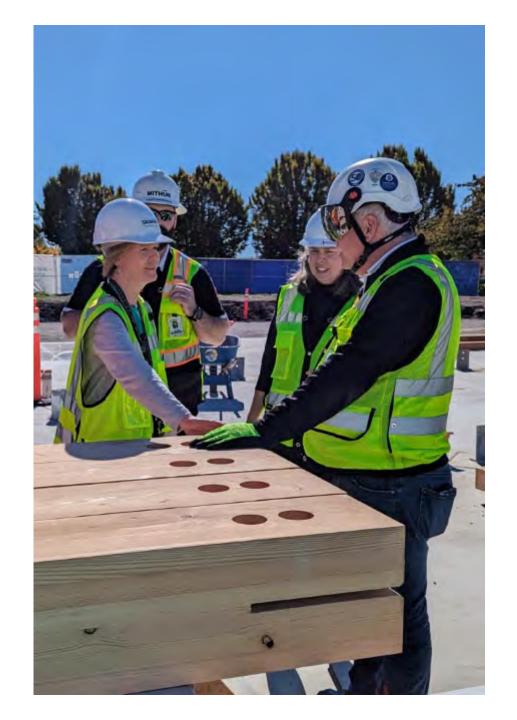
Utility Routing



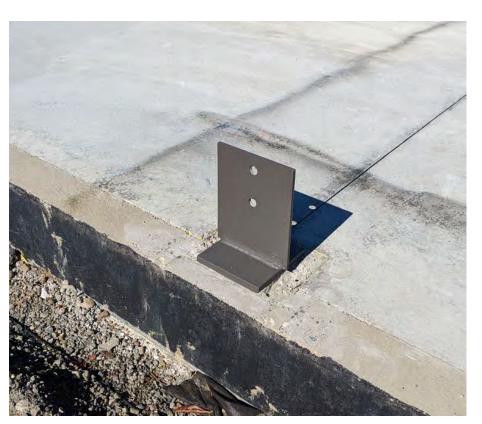












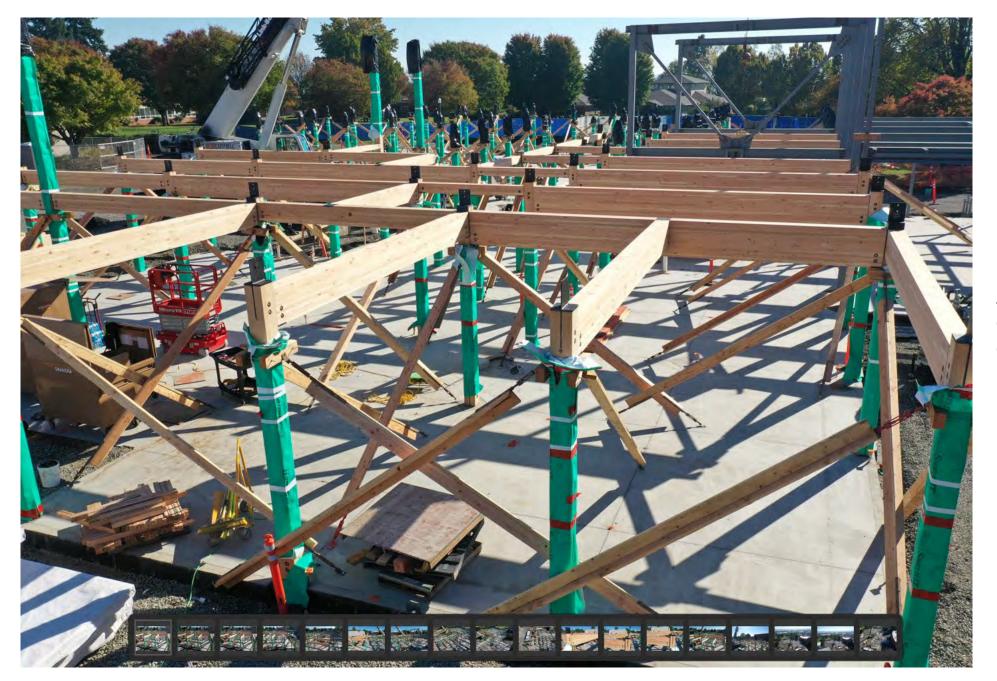


Challenges of protecting the timber while constructing



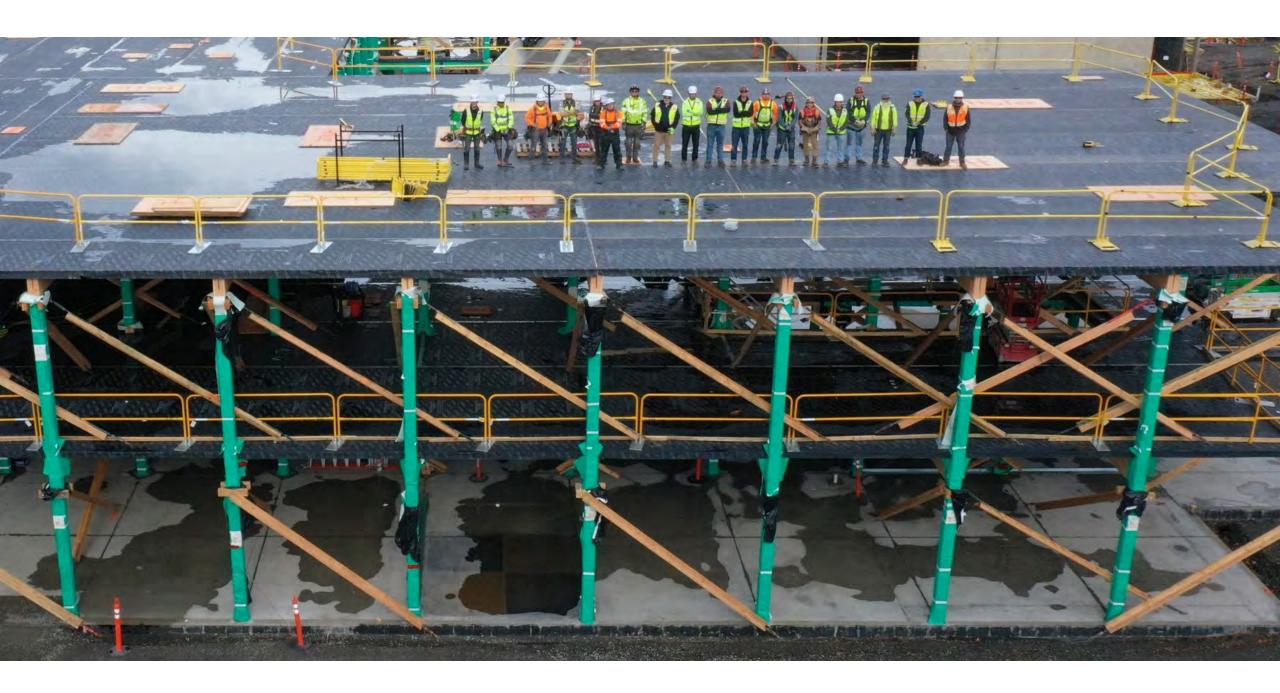


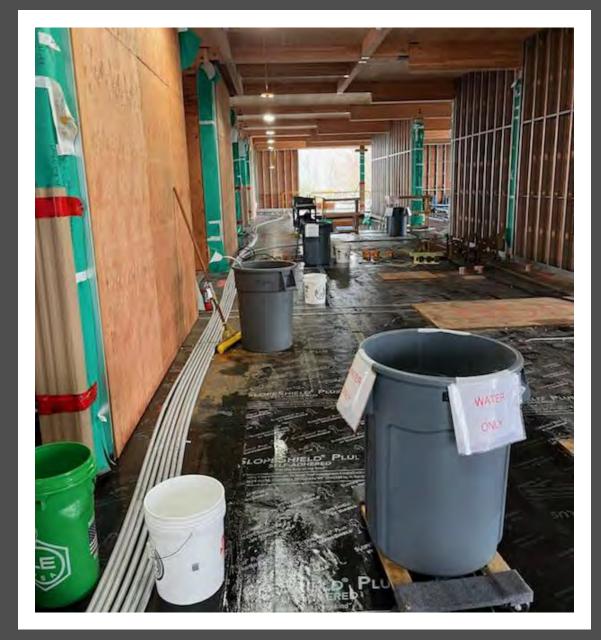
Collaboration within the trades is critical With Mass timber construction

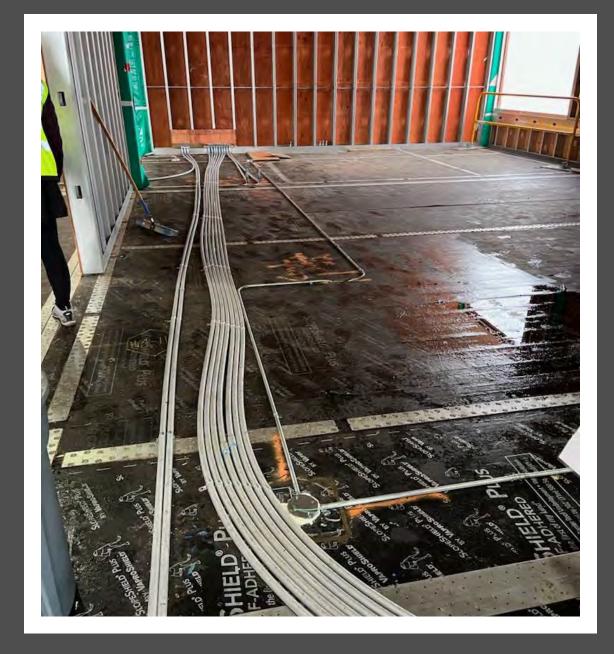


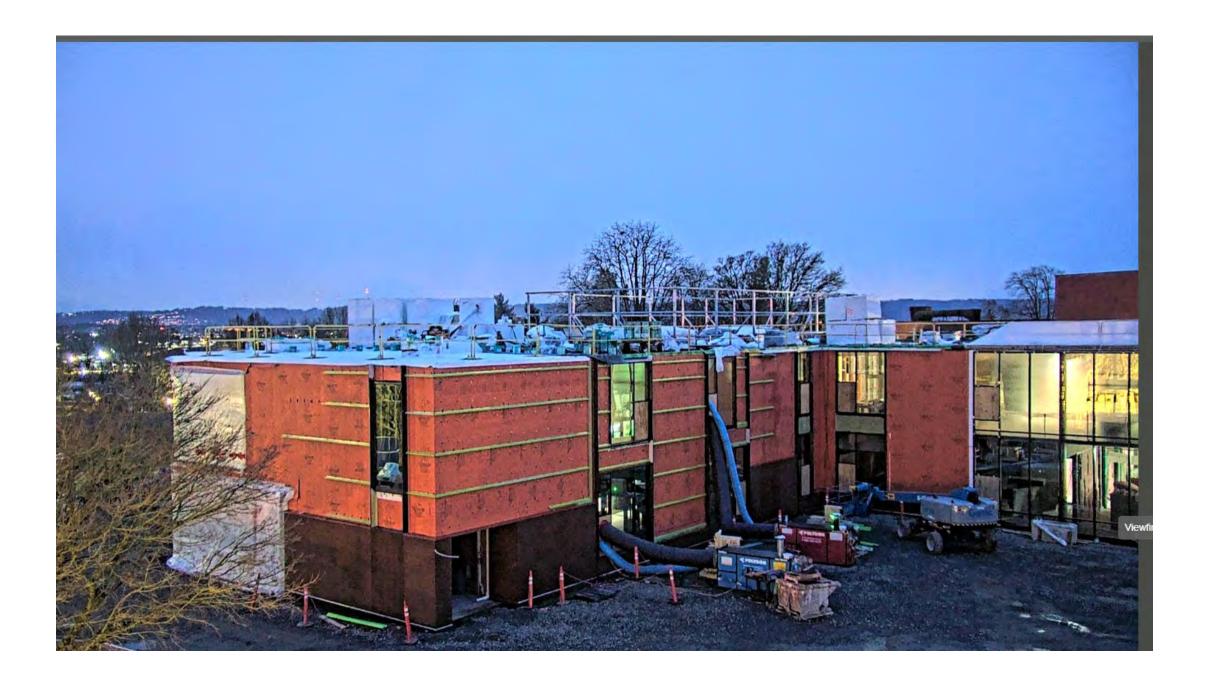


A benefit of Mass timber construction is it goes up quickly













Thank You—

